Operating Manual

Dry Block Temperature Calibrators

LR-Cal PYROS-375 and LR-Cal PYROS-650



INSTRUCTION MANUAL PYROS-375 • PYROS-650

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WARNING

Hazardous voltages are present in this electrical equipment during operation.

Non-observance of the safety instruction can result in severe personal injury or property damage.

Only qualified personnel should work on or around this equipment after becoming familiar with all warnings, safety notices, and maintenance procedures contained herein.

Only qualified personnel or our personnel should work on this equipment for maintenance operation.

The successful and safe operation of this equipment is dependent on proper handing, operation and maintenance.



Electrical and electronic equipments with this symbol cannot be thrown away in public dump sites. According to the EU directive 2002/96/EC, the European users of electrical and electronic equipment have the opportunity to return to the distributor or manufacturer used equipment purchasing a new equipment. The illegal disposal of electrical and electronic equipments is punished by pecuniary administrative sanction.

SYMBOLS BEING USED IN THIS MANUAL OR ON THE INSTRUMENT



CAUTION: HOT SURFACE OR PART



CAUTION: REFER TO ACCOMPANING DOCUMENTS



CAUTIONS: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

N.B:

In this manual: where not specified, the numbers in parentheses make reference to the annexed drawing.

1 - INTRODUCTION

1.1 - Purpose and summary of instructions

This manual contains the use and maintenance instructions valid for the following equipment: Portable Temperature Calibrator models: LR-Cal PYROS-375 and LR-Cal PYROS-650

The instructions reported in this manual, for the above-mentioned equipment, are those relevant to:

- Start-up preparation
- Operation description
- Using of the equipment
- Re-calibration procedure
- Preventive maintenance
- · Typical faults and their remedies

Users must observe all the usual safety rules out in this manual for own security and to avoid equipment failure.

2 - SCOPE OF SUPPLY

2.1 - Name:

Portable Temperature Calibrators LR-*Cal* PYROS-375 and LR-*Cal* PYROS-650 (version D) complete of accessories as listed (reference to paragraph 2.7).

2.2 - Technical data:

Environmental range: temperature +5 ÷ +45°C, R.H. max. 95%.

Technical data (°C)	LR-Cal PYROS-375*	LR-Cal PYROS-650**
Range	Amb+10°C÷375°C	Amb+15°C÷650°C
Accuracy	±0,25 @150	±0,9 ± 0,1digit
	±0,5 @375	-
Stability	±0,15	±0,3
Maximum ascent rate	20 min from 30 to 375	35 min from 50 to 650
Maximum descent rate	40 min from 375 to 100	60 min from 650 to 100
Axial uniformity	±0,02 @50	±0,13 @250
	±0,05 @150	±0,15 @450
	±0,15 @375	±0,35 @650
Radial uniformity	±0,05 @50	±0,22
	±0,10 @150	
	±0,15 @375	
Weight of calibrator	5.4 Kg	6Kg

Display resolution : 0,1°C

• Test well : 1 hole ø26 x 150mm for interchangeable multi-holes inserts

• Thermostat test : 5 Vdc.

• Display : Led 9mm. double line

In/out : RS232C or USB with converter

Power supply : 230/115V, 50/60Hz

• Power : 600/550W.

Size : 130x280xh260(h)mmPackage size : 415x570xh235mm

• Weight with package : 13,5÷14 kg

Structure in flanged plate with handle

- Microprocessor operated temperature regulator.
- · Safety thermostat.
- · Switch test.
- Electronic control components thermally insulated.
- Double way Forced air-cooling system.
- Removable upper protection grid.
- Total absence of environmentally harmful cooling liquids.
- Socket with main cable and protection fuses.
- Electromagnetic compatibility: Emission EN50081-1

Immunity EN50082-2

NOTE: The data marked with * has been recorded at an ambient temperature of 20°C±3°C, power supply 230V±10%, with a probe Pt100 Ø3 mm; the data marked with ** has been recorded at an ambient temperature of 20°C±3°C, power supply 230V±10%, with a probe TcN Ø4 mm.

The technical dates are valid one year after the emission of the test report; after this period proceed to calibration of the over.

2.3 - Service (function):

The portable temperature calibrators LR-Cal PYROS-375 and LR-Cal PYROS-650 (version D) have been designed for:

- Control and calibration of temperature sensors, in the laboratory, on board and in the field, in conformity with ISO 9000 standard.
- Automatic calibration of thermostats with a simple function.
- Thermal test on materials.

The calibrator has been designed to reduce the EMC effect in accordance with the harmonised regulation for residential, commercial, light industry and heavy industry.

2.4 - Quantity:

1 piece.

2.5 - Supplier:

DRUCK & TEMPERATUR Leitenberger GmbH • Bahnhofstr. 33 • 72138 Kirchentellinsfurt Germany • www.LR-Cal.net • E-Mail: DT-Export@Leitenberger.de
Tel. +49-7121-90920-0 • Fax +49-7121-90920-99

2.6 - N° of correspondent catalogue sheet:

PYROS-375 / PYROS-650

2.7 - List of first equipment accessories:

· Standard equipment

- * calibrator
- * Electric power cable
- * Tweezers for removing inserts
- * Fuse kit
- * Thermostat testing connection cables
- * Instructions manual

Standard	LR-Cal PYROS-375	LR-Cal PYROS-650
equipment	Order-Code: PYROS-DNV-375	Order-Code: PYROS-DNV-650
INSERT	with 4 holes ø3,2-4,8-6,4-11,1mm	with 4 holes ø3,2-5-7-10,5 mm

• Option accessories

- * code PYROS-KOFFER: Marine type suitcase, plastic made
- * code PYROS-TASCHE: Soft shoulder bag

Optional	LR-Cal PYROS-375	LR-Cal PYROS-650
equipment		
INSERTS	PYROS-375-INS-0: Blank	PYROS-650-INS-0: Blank
		PYROS-650-INS-2: 2 holes ø 6,5- 12,7 mm
	PYROS-375-INS-2: 2 holes	PYROS-650-INS-3: 3 holes ø 4,5-6,5-10,5 mm
	ø 12,7 and 6,4 mm	PYROS-650-INS-1: 1 hole ø 17 mm
		PYROS-650-INS-4: 4 holes ø3,2-5-7-10,5 mm
		PYROS-650-INS-1A: 1 hole ø 17,5 mm
		PYROS-650-INS-4A: 4 holes ø3,2-5-6,5-9,5 mm

• Certification: all the instruments are supplied with final testing, stability and accuracy certification traceable to international standards.

3 - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

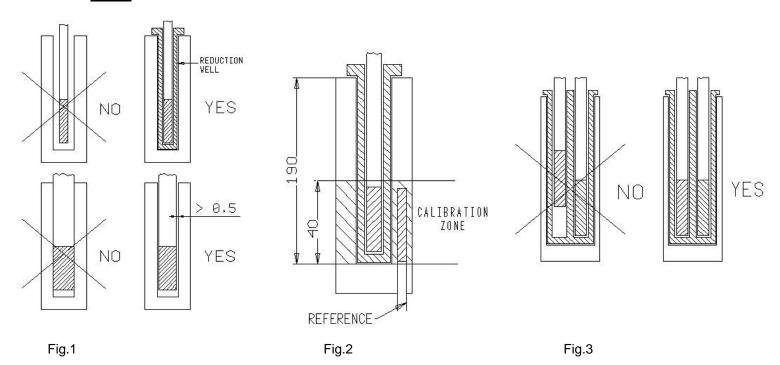
→ ATTENTION

The configuration of the instrument is protected by a password. Don't change these parameters to avoid malfunction or breaking of the calibrator with risks of serious personal injury.

- Position of the probe:

To obtain the best result, follow the advises:

- Measure the diameter of the probe being checked.
- The diameter of the hole in the calibration block must be higher than the diameter of the probe; follow this measure:
 - ♦ 0,5mm for Ø4,5÷8mm probes (max. operative range 600°C)
 - ♦ 0,7mm for Ø8÷12mm probes (max. operative range 600°C)
 - ♦ 1 mm for ø12÷17mm probes (max. operative range 600°C)
 - ♦ Reduce this tolerance for max. operative range lower then 300°C
- If this is not possible, use the reduction wells with the above-mentioned tolerances (fig.1).
- Avoid using holes which are too accurate and do not force the probes into the block.
- Clean the well and the insert before use.
- Put the probe or the insert in the block only at ambient temperature using the tweezers.
- Insert the probe up to the bottom of the block: the sensitive element is in the optimal calibration zone (fig. 2).
- Calibration with a reference: take care to position the two probes, the standard one and the calibration one, at the same dept and as close together as possible (fig. 3).
- Always verify the range of the probes to be calibrated before using; the maximum temperature
 of the probes should be higher than the temperature of the block otherwise the probe could
 break.



- Advises:

- The time the probes takes to reach the Set point is much more higher as the difference in diameter from the probes and the holes is bigger.
- <u>Do not</u> insert the probe when the instrument has already reached the set temperature; thermal shock causes instability and breakage of the sensitive element.
- Remove the insert from the calibrator after the use. The humidity may cause verdigris on the insert inside the well of the calibrator, in this case the insert may become stuck.

REMEMBER TO SET UP AMBIENT TEMPERATURE AND LEAVE COOLING DOWN BEFORE SWITCHING OFF THE CALIBRATOR

4 - SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING:

- Due to the fact that the calibrator is a portable instrument to be used in the field, it is very important to ensure that the socket has been earthen correctly when connecting it to the electricity supply.
- The calibrator must be switched off and cooled to a low temperature before any attempt to service the instrument is made.
- Never connect the switch test connection(4) and the RS232(11) input to a voltage source.
- Do not connect any voltage during the test of the thermostats.
- Remove the fuse (3) from the calibrator only when the power cable has been disconnected.



- The calibrator is designed for interior use only, may not be used where gas or vapour may constitute an explosive hazard
- Keep clear the area around the calibrator on all sides and especially behind the calibrator
- After using you must ensure that calibrator has cooled to a temperature below 100°C before switching off and placing it in the carrying case. Don't switch off the calibrator when it works at high temperature because the protection grid and the carpentry may overheat.



- During the use of the calibrator do not touch the upper grid, the insertion tubes and the sensors because they may be very hot.
- Never use oils or liquids in the well in order to avoid any damage to the calibrator.
- Don't change absolutely the configuration parameters.
- Don't put anything on the top of the calibrator.
- Don't put fuel object near the calibrator.

..... use common sense any time.

The equipment adopt the following devices to protect operation from hazard:

- Thermo regulator that recognizes an eventual break of the temperature sensor (9) and disconnect the heating.
- Max. temperature safety thermostat to disconnect the heating system.
- Protection grid to avoid any contact with the internal oven.
- Protection fuses (3)
- Ground connector.

5 - PREPARATION OF OPERATION



- Remove the calibrator from the packaging and place it on a flat surface.
- Make sure that the instrument has been correctly earthen.
- Supply the oven with line 230V, 50Hz (3,15A) or 115 V (6,3A) + earth, 3,15A (6.3A for 115V).
- Before start the calibration read with attention the instruction manual, specially the paragraph 3: General recommendation -.

5.1 - Installation

5.1.1 - Removal of packaging

The calibrator is equipped with packaging suitable for transport and traditional shipping systems. Any damage caused during transport must be notified immediately to the carrier and a claim must be made.

5.1.2 - Positioning the calibrator

Position the calibrator in vertical position on a safe clean place; leave enough space around the calibrator to allow the air to circulate into the well.

**DANGER: The calibrator is suitable for operating at high temperatures with the consequent

danger of fire. Keep it away from any type of inflammable materials and never put

any type of liquid inside the block (reference to paragraph 4).

* **WARNING**: To avoid any smell in the room it is better to switch on the calibrator outside the

room for the first time

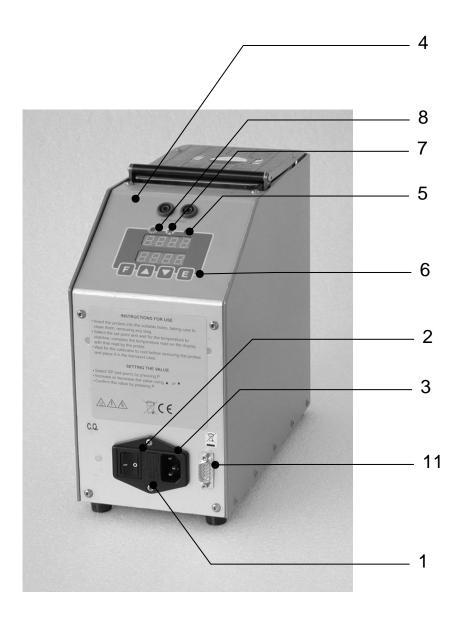
5.1.3 – Supply: 115 or 230V



The calibrator runs on a voltage of 230 or 115Vac, 50/60Hz. The calibrator automatically set the power supply for 115 or 230V input.

A 2.5mt. cable is supplied with the calibrator fitted with 2 conductors plus earth (1mm²). Make sure that the plant is earthen correctly before switching the instrument on. Select the insert with the correct diameter(ref to item 3)

The calibrator is now ready for use.



COMMANDS LIST

POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	SUPPLY SOCKET
2	MAIN SWITCH
3	PROTECTION FUSES
4	SWITCH TEST CONNECTIONS
5	SWITCH TEST ON/OFF LIGHT
6	THERMOREGULATOR
7	COOLING LIGHT
8	HEATING LIGHT
11	RS232 INPUT

6 - OPERATION PROCEDURE

6.1 - Operation description

The LR-Cal PYROS-375 and LR-Cal PYROS 650 calibrator consist of a metal dry well with one hole of 26x150mm into which, the inserts available for almost any sensor size to be calibrated, are inserted.

A heater element heats the block and an electronic µcontroller with static relay output checks and regulates the temperature.

A fan mounted in the central side generates a constant airflow that reduces the temperature of the case.

6.2 - Description of instrument

6.2.1 - Thermo regulator

The thermo regulator (6) is a PID microprocessor, which can be set from 0 to 650°C. The display indicates the temperature and the Set point (ref to item 10.1).

- DISPLAY: indication of the temperature measured inside the block, set point selected and setting parameters.
- * KEY: used to increment (decrement) any numerical parameter. The increment (decrement) speed is proportional to the time the key remains depressed.
- F KEY: allow access to the various parameters of the menu levels.
- E KEY: allow to confirm the Set point or the parameter value.

6.2.2 - Main switch

The main switch (2) is on the rear of the instrument; it is fitted with a socket for the voltage cable, a main switch and two fuses as for the following table:

MODELS	V230	V110/115
LR-Cal PYROS-375 or	3,15A	6,3 A
LR-Cal PYROS-650		

Note: use only fuses F. 5x20mm. All the electrical part is found below the main switch.

6.2.3 - Heating resistance

The resistance is stainless steel made; the max. power is 600W and it can reach high temperatures.

Bear in mind, however, that constant use at extreme temperatures reduces the life of the resistance itself. Limit the number of hours at which the resistance is used at maximum temperatures to the time required by the calibrator in order to prolong the life of the resistance.

6.2.4 - Equalising block

The metal equalising block has an hole of 26mm where introduce the inserts far almost any sensor size.

The function of this block is to make uniform the temperature on calibration zone.

If you want to fit the calibrator with an insert with different holes we recommend to read the item 3, this will avoid any unfortunate problems, which might arise if the wrong tolerances are used

6.2.5 - Temperature sensors

The temperature sensor used for the reading and thermoregulation is inserted directly into the equalising block so as to display the real temperature value

6.2.6 - Safety thermostat

The calibrator is supplied with a max. temperature safety thermostat with manual reset that disconnect the heating system until the fault persists.

Ht on the display means that the temperature is over the upper limit.

In case of Ht:

- ♦ Waiting the cooling of calibrator: the temperature must decrease at least 60÷80°C respect to maximum set point (standard position).
- ♦ Switch off the calibrator then switch on again a few second later on.
- ♦ If the problem persists: disconnect the electrical cable to the oven and proceeding to repair of eventual faults (reference to paragraph 4). Consulting item 9 - Typical faults - for any problems.

N. B: the thermostat mounted on the calibrator has been set to 660°C±10°C for the LR-Cal PYROS-650 and to 385°C±10°C for the LR-Cal PYROS-375.

6.3 - Start-up instructions

ATTENTION:

- The calibrator can only be used correctly if the user has a good knowledge of its basics.
- Before starting with the calibration following the installation procedures, read the instruction on item 3.4 & 5.

To calibrate a probe it is possible to follow two ways: calibration with internal indicator (6), or calibration with external reference.

A) Calibration with the internal indicator:

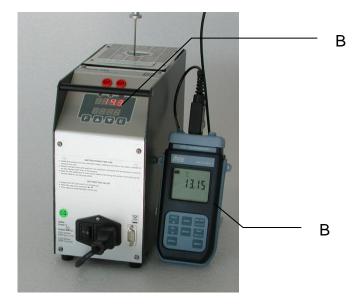
Make reference to the temperature value of the display (6).

It is opportune to refer the value to the test report to compensate the error of the display.

B) Calibration with external reference:

Make reference to the temperature value of the external standard instrument.

Put the two sensitive elements of the probes near and at the same dept (reference to fig. 1-2-3).



Before any calibration follow the general recommendation:

- Switch on the calibration with the main switch (2); waiting for the end of self-test procedure.
- Put the probe to check into the equaliser block: reference to chapter 3. (fig 1-2-3).
- Set the required temperature value on the thermo regulator (reference to paragraph 10.1):
 - ♦ Press the ♠ or ▼ key to select the required Set point value.
 - ♦ Press the E key to confirm
- Wait for the stability of the temperature before starting any calibration (the flashing of the STABILITY LED on the right of the first display means that the calibrator internal temperature is stable).
- For a new calibration point, regulate the set point at the new temperature and wait for the stabilisation.

We suggest to insert a standard probe in the calibrator and compare the measure with the values indicated. It's possible to calibrate the instrument to more significant points, comparing the displayed temperature with the values of the standard probe.

ATTENTION



- At the end of the calibration <u>DO NOT remove</u> the probe if it is still at high temperature. Always allow the calibrator to cool down with the probes still inserted in order to avoid thermal shock to the probes itself and harm to people or things.
- Before returning the calibrator to its case make sure that the temperature of the block is almost the same as ambient temperature.

- Cooling

To reduce the oven's temperature, change the set point to 0°C and wait for the natural cooling.

6.4 - Use of the function

- Switch test

With the 'SWITCH TEST' function it is possible to control the Open and Close temperature of the thermostats(refer to item 10.1):

- Insert the sensor of the thermostat in the most suitable hole of the calibrator (refer to notes in paragraph 3).
- Connect the thermostat to the Switch Test input(4).
- Press E to confirm the value.
- Press F to select the function "Set 2" and press the key

 [▲] to enter T. Max.
- Press E to confirm the value.
- The thermostat switch temperature is expected to be found within T.min e T.max.
- Press E to confirm the value.
- The Switch test led (5) will indicate the status of the switch: led ON when the switch is closed, led off when the switch is open.
- Press F to select the function "run" and press the key ▼ ▲ to enter "run" ON to activate the process.
- The led of the function will flash to indicate that the process is active.(item 10.1)
- The thermostat's release values are recorded in the parameters SON and SOFF'. Refer to the procedure explained in paragraph 10.1.
- To stop the switch test enter "run" OFF

6.4.1 - Serial communication

On the front of the calibrator there is a 9 pole socket (5) connected to the thermo-regulator, which enables the calibrator to be completely controlled by a PC (reference to fig.8) by the RS-232 input.



The external PC must be conform to the IEC950 standard.

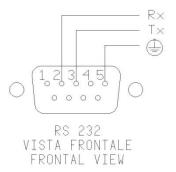


Fig.8

7 - MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

7.1 - Routine inspections instructions

- Switch off the calibrator before any maintenance operations.
- Check once a year the calibration date. Frequency of calibration is depending to the use of instrument; however we suggest to calibrate the instrument every year.
- Check that the holes and the inserts of the calibrator are cleaned, any liquid or oil inside the well could make oxides or verdigris on the insert during the use at high temperature in this case the insert may become stuck.
- Before cleaning the calibrator, the well and the insert remember to switch off the calibrator.
- Clean the calibrator only when it is cold.
- Clean the calibrator with damp cloth and a little soap, never use solvents.
- Pay attention that the liquid may penetrate the calibrator and cause damage or create poisonous fumes.

8 - SEQUENCE OF MAINTENANCE

Not applicable

9 - TYPICAL FAULTS



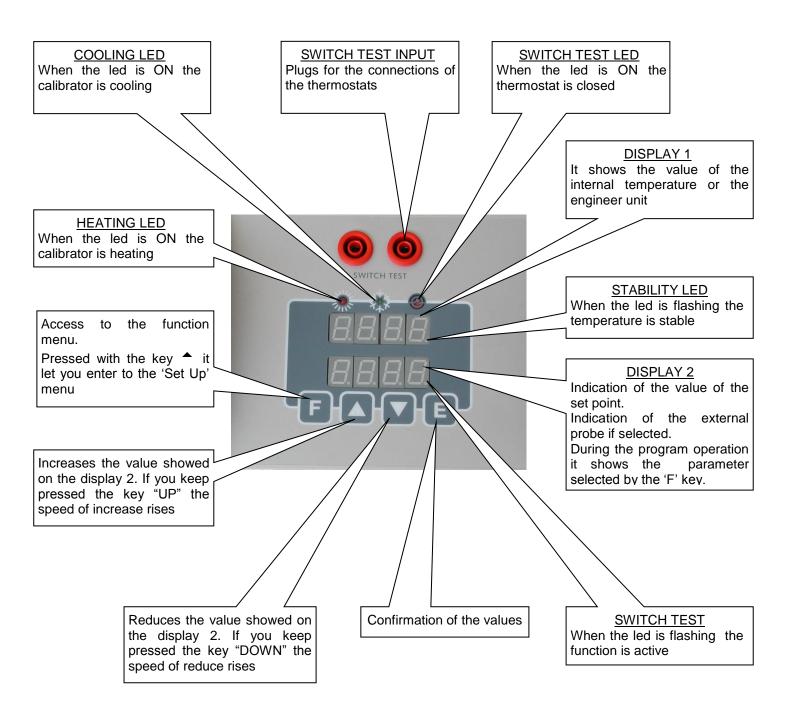
Before carrying out these operations the instrument must be disconnect from the electricity supply and the equaliser block must be at ambient temperature.

N°	FAULT DESCRIPTION	FAULTY COMPONENT OR FUNCTION	METHOD FOR REMOVAL
1	The calibrator does not work when the power cable is connected and the main switch is turned on.	The fuse (3) is cut off.The power cable is cut off.The main switch is faulty.	Replace the fuses.Replace the power cable with a similar one.Replace the cup socket (1-3)
2	The fuses (3) are triggered when the power cable is connected and the main switch is turned on.	- The fuse is wrong	- Check the value of the fuse(ref. to item 6.2.2)
3	The control panel is working properly but the temperature does not increase.	- The thermo-regular(6) is faulty	- Replace the thermo-regulator.
4	The display indicates a different temperature from the one measured in the block.	- The probe (9) is faulty.	- Replace the probe.
5	The display indicates a different temperature from the one measured in the block.	- The internal probe is not calibrated	- Calibrate the internal probe. Ref to item 10.1
6	The temperature does not stop at the value of the point, which has been set.	- The thermo-regular(6) is faulty	- Replace the thermo-regulator.
7	The temperature does not decrease to the set value as quickly as it should.	- The thermo-regulator (6) is faulty The cooling fan (7) is faulty.	- Replace the thermo-regulator Replace the fan.

10 - APPENDICES

10.1 -Thermoregulator

Description of the functions



DESCRIPTION OF REGULATOR'S MENU

The calibrator has three menu levels (see image 10.1):

at the first level there are the functions for the continuous usage,

at the second level there are more specific functions for the regulation of the calibrator,

at the third level there are the calibration procedures.

1st MENU LEVEL

PRESS THE F KEY TO STEP THROUGH THE MENU

- SP

SET POINT: temperature set which the oven has to reach following technical specifications, press the or key to adjust the set point and press E key to accept the value.

- SEt2

SET POINT2: temperature set which the oven reaches with the set gradient and the ongoing launched ramp procedure, press the $^{\blacktriangle}$ or $^{\blacktriangledown}$ key to adjust the Set Point 2 and press **E** key to accept the value. The value of SP2 must be always higher than SP.

- Grd

GRADIENT: Heating or cooling slope rate during the change from the temperature SP to the SP2 or SP2 to SP value, press the ♠ or ▼ key to adjust the GRD and press **E** key to accept the value.

NOTE: gradient value to be set must be lower than the ones stated in the technical data, at point 2.2 (cooling grad. max.: -7°C/min.; heating grad. max. 15°C/min).

- run

Switch test process.

Select ON or OFF by the ♠ or ▼ key and press **E** key to start or stop the Switch test process; the oven will reach the temperature SP2 from SP with the Heating slope rate selected, starting from the same temperature as the one with which the ramp has been confirmed. If the value of SP2 is lower than the SP, the calibrator will not accept the RUN and the instrument will display "Err".

The led will flash to indicate that the function is active(item 10.1). The Set Point will change the value following the selected slope rate.

When the internal temperature reaches the SET2 set temperature, the internal temperature will decrease with the cooling slope rate; the SP value will be considered as the new set point value.

During the ramp process, the derivative parameter will not be considered.

During the ramp the led on the right of the SET POINT flash and the SET POINT increase or decrease the value.

RAMP PROCEDURE EFFECTIVE EXAMPLE

We suppose to test a thermostat with the expected switch range between 120 and 100°C.

Sp= 100°C

SP2 =120°C

gradient = 2°C/min.

- Set **SP** to **100**°C using the ♠ or ▼ keys. Press the **E** key to accept.
- Press the F key and set SP2 to 120°C using the ♠ or ▼ keys. Press the E key to accept.
- Press the **F** key and set **GRD** to **2**°C/min using the ♠ or ▼ keys. Press the **E** key to accept.
- Press the **F** key and set **RUN** to **ON** using the ♠ or ▼ keys. Press the **E** key to accept. After pressing the E key to confirm the start of the ramp, the oven temperature will ascend with the heating slope rate. The temperature will loop continuously between 100 and 120°C until you select RUN OFF. Of course, there will be some oscillations at the beginning since the ramp slope will not be suitable but they will stop in a short time and then the oven temperature will follow the ramp's set point

- SOn

"Switch on" displays the temperature at which the thermostat connected to the terminals "SWITCH TEST" has closed.

- SOFF

"Switch off" displays the temperature at which the thermostat connected to the terminals "SWITCH TEST" has open. The values of Son and SOFF will change at each loop or each time you select RUN OFF.

2nd MENU LEVEL

PRESS THE **F** + ↑ KEYS AT THE SAME TIME TO ACCES THE SECONDARY MENU.

PRESS THE F KEY TO STEP THROUGH THE MENU.

PRESS THE "F + ↑ KEYS AT THE SAME TIME OR WAIT FOR ABOUT 20 SECONDS TO COME BACK THE PRIMARY MENU

- Pb

Value of the Proportional Band expressed in percentage of the value of the end of the scale. Proportional band means the length of time in the measure field within which there is the variation of the regulation probe exit alarm and therefore the adjustment of the heating element power.

- td

Derivative Time expressed in seconds. When there is a step variation of temperatures, the derivative action induces an greater initial adjustment, so that the oven will have a greater power than it usual has due to the proportional and integral action only. Since the error keeps existing, the derivative action reduces the impact giving the integrative action the task of reducing the error.

- ti

Integral Time value expressed in seconds. The integrating action cancel the error between the chosen set point and the temperature reached only by the proportional action. Integral time means the length of time necessary to the integrative action to double up the proportional action default parameters will be kept recorded.

- dEG Units °C/°F

This parameter allows selecting the temperature measuring unit. By selecting "°C" all temperatures will be expressed in Celsius degrees; by selecting "°F" all temperatures will be expressed in Fahrenheit degrees.

- dEF

Default Parameter; this function allows choosing to set the thermoregulator with the P.B., T.I., T.D. parameters either as a default or as a customisable adjustment. By selecting the "**OFF**" parameter and confirming by the "**E**" key it is possible to modify the adjustment parameters, which will keep operational even if the calibrator is turned off. By selecting the "**ON**" key (followed by the confirmation by pressing the "**E**" key) the adjustment values will be set on the default ones recorded by the manufacturer, and therefore not allowing to be changed. By turning the calibrator off the parameter will set on OFF but the default parameters will be kept recorded.

- CodE

This is the key to step the third menu level. Press ♠ or ▼ key to set the number recorded in the "

ACCESS KEY parameter, and press "F" + ♠ keys at the same time (it is not necessary to confirm the choice by pressing the E key) to step to the third menu level. The acceptable values are from 1 to 99: the default set value is 2. If you lost the access key remember that it is possible to have the number by reading the register 13 (item 10.3)

3rd MENU LEVEL

MENU THAT CAN BE SELECTED BY PRESSING THE "F + ↑" KEYS AT THE SAME TIME WHEN THE KEY PARAMETER IS REACHED AT THE SECOND LEVEL AND WHEN THE SET VALUE CORRESPONDS TO THE RECORDED ONE.

PRESS THE **F** KEY TO STEP THROUGH THE MENU.

PRESS THE "F + ^ KEYS AT THE SAME TIME OR WAIT FOR ABOUT 20 SECONDS TO COME BACK THE PRIMARY MENU

- Pc

Calibration point. Press the $^{\blacktriangle}$ or $^{\blacktriangledown}$ key to set the value read with the standard thermometer and press E key to accept

- HSEt.

Maximum value of the Set Point. It is set by the manufacturer and cannot be changed by the user.

- CodE

This is the key to step the fourth menu level. Press ♠ or ▼ key to set the number recorded in the "
ACCESS KEY parameter, and press "F" + ♠ keys at the same time (it is not necessary to confirm the choice by pressing the E key) to step to the third menu level. The acceptable values are from 1 to 99: the default set value is 3. If you lost the access key remember that it is possible to read the number by the RS232: the register is the number 13 (item 10.3)

4rd MENU LEVEL

MENU THAT CAN BE SELECTED BY PRESSING THE "F + ↑" KEYS AT THE SAME TIME WHEN THE Code parameter is reached at the third level and when the set value corresponds to the recorded one.

PRESS THE **F** KEY TO STEP THROUGH THE MENU.

PRESS THE "F + ↑ KEYS AT THE SAME TIME OR WAIT FOR ABOUT 20 SECONDS TO COME BACK THE PRIMARY MENU

tSFT

Set point of the thermostat switch. Press the ♠ or ▼ key to set the value and press **E** key to accept(the value is set by the manufacturer)

Hy

Hysteresis of the thermostat switch. Press the ♠ or ▼ key to set the value and press **E** key to accept(the value is set by the manufacturer)

- Stby

initial waiting procedure. If the value "**OFF**" is set, when it is started up, the calibrator immediately run to the last set point value chosen after turning off. If the value "**ON**" is set, when it is started up, the calibrator goes on the waiting position and the SP flash. It is necessary to press any key in order to move it from the waiting position and to choose the desired Set Point value.

- Cod1

Access key value to switch to the Third level of the menu. Press the ♠ or ▼ key to set the value read with the standard thermometer and press **E** key to accept(the default value is 2)

- Cod2

- Access key value to switch to the fourt level of the menu. Press the ♠ or ▼ key to set the value read with the standard thermometer and press **E** key to accept(the default value is 3)

EXAMPLE OF THE CALIBRATION OF THE INTERNAL PROBE

The appliance can have a complete or partial re-calibration yearly or when chosen by the user. Calibration can be carried out directly on the keyboard of the appliance. The calibration is done by adjusting the internal probe at one or more points of the range using a standard thermometer.

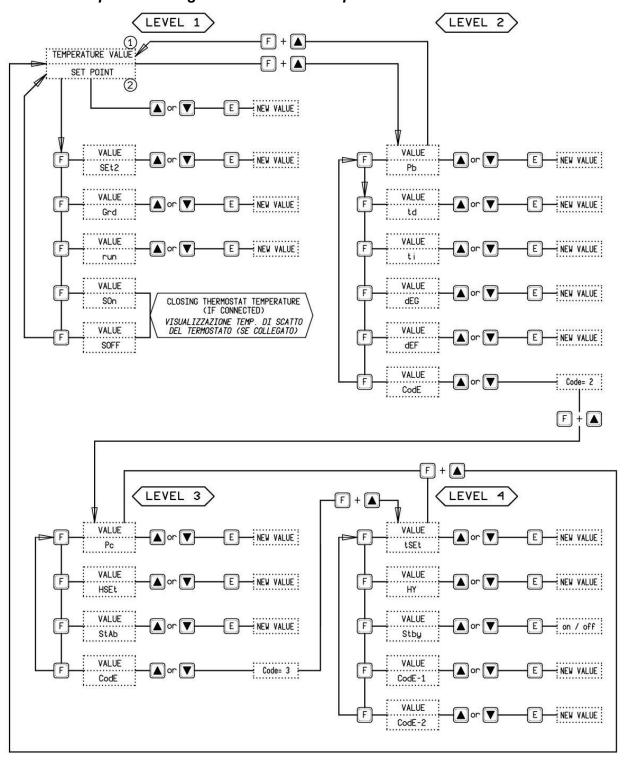
The calibration is possible only by setting the temperature unit "°C".

The purpose of re-calibration is to correct the error between the temperature indicated and the value of a standard thermometer.

To calibrate the internal probe it is necessary to have a standard thermometer with a precision greater than the calibrator to follow the instructions below:

- 1. Insert the standard thermometer probe in the most suitable hole of the calibrator.
- 2. Choose one or more calibration points (max 10 points) depending on the appliance range or the field where one wishes to carry out the calibration. For example for the PYROS 375 use the points: 50-120-190-260-340°C, and for the PYROS 650 use the points: 100-200-300-400-500-600°C.
- 3. Set the first calibration point and wait for the calibrator to be stable (see the stability led)
- 4. Enter the third menu level (see instructions) and select Pc.
- 5. Use the ♠ or ▼ key to set the value read on the standard thermometer and press **E** Key to confirm the value. Confirmation is indicated by a beep.
- 6. Repeat the step 3-4-5 for the other points.

10.2 - Microprocessor regulator: control description



- NOTE:

 1 The first line of the display is the value of the function
 2 The second line of the display is one of the function of the menu
 3 After 20 seconds the set point value is showed at the bottom line of the display

- La prima linea del display indica il valore della funzione del menu
 La seconda linea del display e' una delle funzioni del menu.
 Dopo 20 secondi il valore di set point ritorna a essere indicato sulla riga inferiore del display.

10.3 - Spare parts list LR-Cal PYROS-375 and LR-Cal PYROS-650

(Reference numbers referring to the enclosed drawings)

1-3	CUP SOCKET	3SCH28366	
3	FUSES	5x20 3,15A for 230V 5x20 6,3A for 115V	
3.1	VARISTOR	3MRC14D391	
4	SWITCH TEST CONNECTION	3B&BPAN10A	
6	THERMO REGULATOR	4ED10112 ver.P16-18	
9	Tc probe (for the LR- <i>Cal</i> PYROS-650) Pt100 probe (for the LR- <i>Cal</i> PYROS-375)	3D1653 2D3329	
10	RESISTOR	3D2906	
11	RS2323	ICIDSUB09PS+2TRCIISVUV	
12	12V FAN COIL	3PPS3312M	
	ELECTRIC POWER CABLE	3NEP5942AW	
	TWEEZER FOR THE INSERTS	2DC535-000	
	SWITCH TEST CABLES	3MRC372124 + 3MRC212320	

10.3 - Declaration of conformity and check report

The declaration of conformity CE is at the end of the manual; the test report is included with the calibrator.

10.4 - Drawing and wiring diagram

The drawings are at the end of the manual.

Your Notes:

Declaration of conformity "CE10"

DRUCK & TEMPERATUR Leitenberger GmbH, Bahnhofstr. 33, 72138 Kirchentellinsfurt, GERMANY

Declares that the: THERMOSTATIC CALIBRATORS

LR-Cal PYROS-375LR-Cal PYROS-650

are conform with the requirements of the following European directive:

- Low voltage directive 2006/95/CE
- EMC directive 2004/108/CE

and that they have been designed in accordance with the following harmonized regulation:

- EN 61010-1:2010: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use
- Part 2-010 particular requirements for laboratory equipment for heating of material
- EN 62233:2008: Measurement methods for electromagnetic fields of household appliance and similar apparatus with regards to human exposure
- EN 61326-1:2006 +Ec1:2008: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements. Part 1: general requirements

The conformity with the above-mentioned requirements is certified by affixing the CE Mark on the product.

DRUCK & TEMPERATUR Leitenberger GmbH

Gernot Coulon (C.E.O.)

July 4th, 2012

